ANNOVIS

- People Focused, Purpose Driven, Passion Powered -

Attacks Neurodegeneration, Alzheimer's and Parkinson's Diseases by Improving the Information Highway of the Nerve Cell

Symbol: **ANVS** (NYSE)

February 2024

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Forward Looking Statements and Other Important Cautions -- This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements relate to all information other than historical matters, such as expectations or forecasts of future events. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of words such as "forecast," "intend," "seek," "target," "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "plan," "outlook," and "project" and other similar expressions that predict or indicate future events or trends or that are not statements of historical matters. Forward-looking statements with respect to the operations, strategies, prospects and other aspects of the business of Annovis Bio are based on current expectations that are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from expectations expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include but are not limited to: that clinical trials may be delayed; that the data reported herein is from a Phase 2a study and subsequent clinical trials are being conducted; and that any anticipated results from clinical trials may be delayed. These and other risks and uncertainties are described more fully in the section titled "Risk Factors" in Annovis Bio's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, and other periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance upon any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. Although it may voluntarily do so, from time to time, Annovis Bio undertakes no commitment to update or revise the forwardlooking statements contained in this presentation, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required under applicable law.



SIVC S **Therapeutic focus/approach:** treatment of Alzheimer's disease (AD) and Parkinson's disease (PD) as neurodegenerative, axonal transport diseases

Buntanetap (lead asset): only drug to improve cognition in AD <u>AND</u> motor function in PD patients

Unique MoA: restores health of nerve cells and improves function by inhibiting production of multiple neurotoxic proteins associated with AD/PD

Late-stage opportunities: Phase 3 trial in early PD patients and Phase 2/3 trial in moderate AD will read out in first half of 2024

INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS

Targeting growing indications

Parkinson's Disease –
 1.2 million patients in US

SIN

Alzheimer's Disease –
 6 million patients in US

Long Duration IP Estate IP extends well into 2040's

- Buntanetap Multiple Chronic neurodegenerative diseases
- ANV\$405 Multiple acute brain and nerve injuries

Multiple Catalysts

Key clinical and regulatory milestones

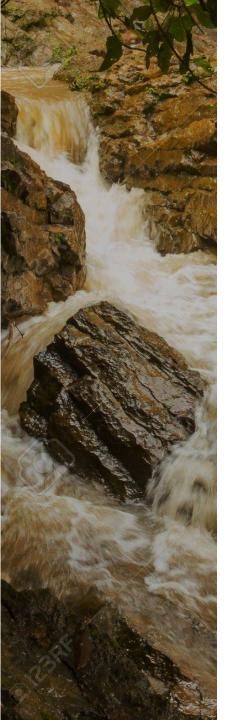
- PD phase 3, blinded, interim analysis received
- AD first patient dosed in phase 2/3 trial Feb. 2023

Capital-efficient approach

- On 9/30/23 Cash balance \$ 6.4 mil. Debt \$ 0
- November 2023 Raised \$10 mil.

PIPELINE

Therapy	Diseases/Conditions	PRE-CLINICAL	IND	PHASE I	PHASE II	PHASE III
	Alzheimer's disease (AD)					
Buntanetap/ANVS 402	Parkinson's disease (PD)					
Oral drug for chronic indications	Lewy body dementia (LBD)					
	Others					
ANVS 405	Traumatic brain injury (TBI)					
Injectable drug for acute traumatic events	Stroke					
ANVS 301	Advanced AD					
Oral drug for advanced AD and dementia						



NEUROTOXIC PROTEINS IMPAIR AXONAL TRANSPORT AND CAUSE A TOXIC CASCADE

HIGH LEVELS OF NEUROTOXIC PROTEINS

IMPAIRED AXONAL TRANSPORT

SLOWER SYNAPTIC TRANSMISSION

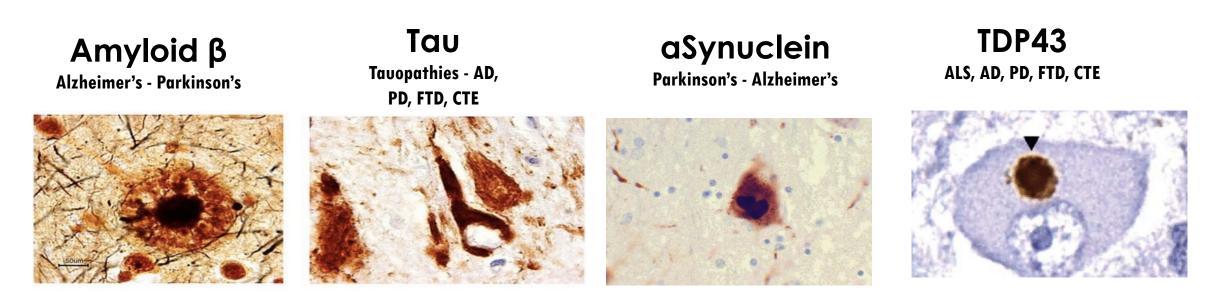
INFLAMMATION

DEATH OF NERVE CELLS

LOSS OF COGNITIVE AND MOTOR FUNCTION

ANNOVIS' NEW APPROACH TO ATTACK AD AND PD

Chronic and acute brain insults lead to high iron levels, resulting in overexpression of neurotoxic proteins, impaired axonal transport, inflammation and neurodegeneration



Attacking one neurotoxic protein results in minimal effect

Buntanetap inhibits the production of multiple neurotoxic proteins simultaneously

NEURODEGENERATION IS AN AXONAL TRANSPORT DISEASE

"Axonal transport disruption is linked to human neurological conditions."

- Nature Review, September 2019

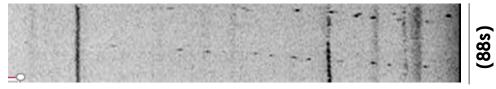
Axonal transport is responsible for:

- Neurotransmitters GABA (anxiety), ACh (cognition), dopamine (movement), serotonin (mood)
- Neurotrophic factors NGF, BDNF
- All communication within and between nerve cells

Retrograde (0.5 frame/sec) —

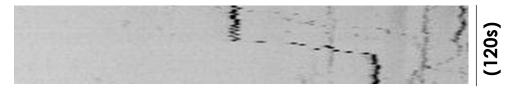
Normal Transport

The *Normal Flow and Speed* of vesicles carrying BDNF across the axon.



Abnormal Transport

Shows the *Blockage and Slowing* of BDNF across the axon. Black areas demonstrate where transport is slowed due to high levels of neurotoxic proteins.



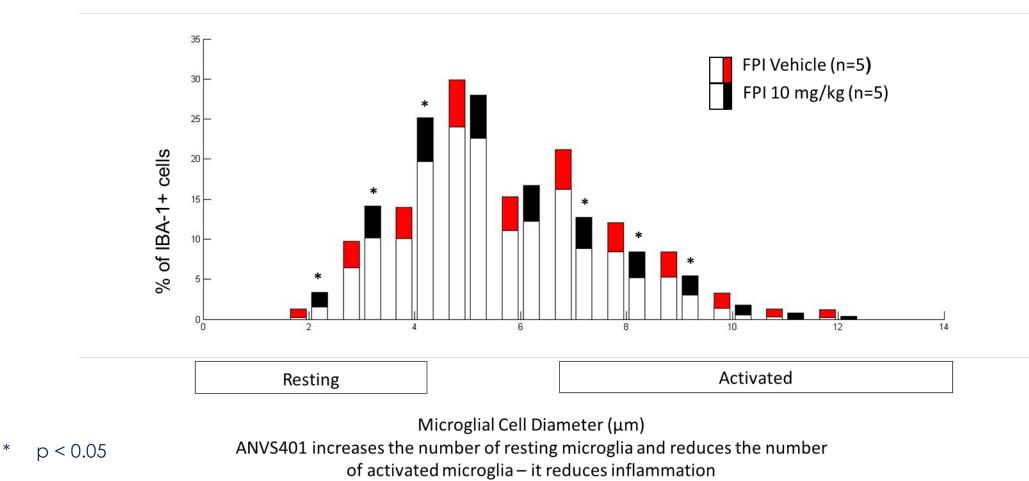
TREATED WITH BUNTANETAP

The *Flow and Speed* of axonal transport is improved.



APP, Ab42, C99 – Mobley, UCSD; aSYN – Isacson, Harvard; Lee, U.Penn; Tau – U. Muenich & Zuerich; Htt – Mobley, UCSD; TDP43 – Taylor, Northwestern

INHIBITS MICROGLIA ACTIVATION IN RAT BRAIN

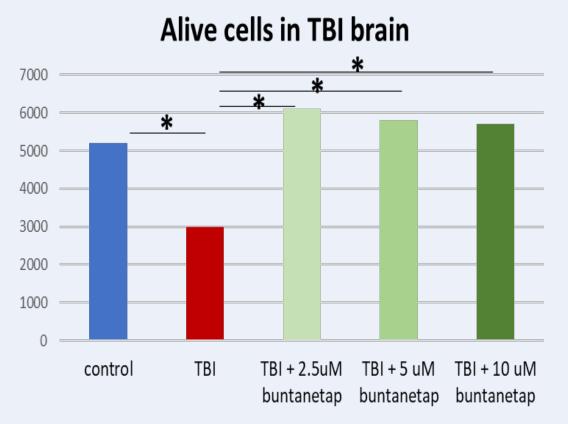


Data (Mean + 95% CI) analyzed with Bootstrapping method, *p<0.05

UCLA, Marie-Francoise Chesselet and David Hovda's lab

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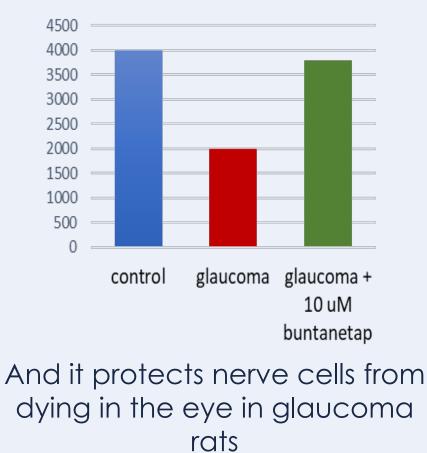
NEURODEGENERATION MEANS DEAD NERVE CELLS



Buntanetap protects nerve cells from dying in the brain of p<0.05 traumatic brain injury rats

Hatami A. et al: Buntanetap improves dopaminergic neuropathology and working memory in a rat model of traumatic brain injury; in preparation -UCLA

Alive cells in glaucoma retina



Sundstrom J. et al. Hershey Medical Center



BUNTANETAP IMPROVES AXONAL TRANSPORT AND IMPEDES THE TOXIC CASCADE

BY LOWERING LEVELS OF NEUROTOXIC PROTEINS

IMPROVED AXONAL TRANSPORT

INCREASED SYNAPTIC TRANSMISSION

LOWER INFLAMMATION

HEALTHY NERVE CELLS

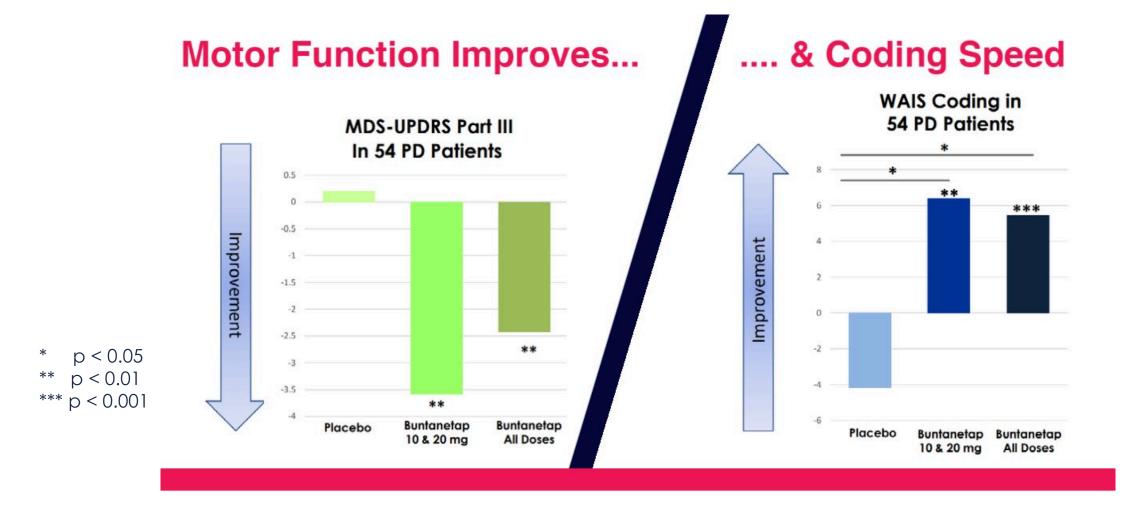
IMPROVED COGNITIVE AND MOTOR FUNCTION



STUDIES IN EIGHT ANIMAL AND HUMAN MODELS

FUNCTION	TEST	ANIMAL MODEL
Memory & learning - 4 models	Mazes	APP/PS1 Alzheimer mice Trisomic Down Syndrome mice Stroke mice Traumatic brain injury rats
Movement – 2 models	Colonic motility, grip strength	Alpha-synuclein Parkinson's mice Tau frontotemporal dementia mice
Vision	Sight	Glaucoma rats
Infections	Cell death	P. Gingivalis mice Covid mice

BUNTANETAP PHASE 2 POSITIVE DATA IN PARKINSON'S DISEASE SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENTS IN BOTH MOTOR FUNCTION AND CODING SPEED



Fang et al: Buntanetap Proves Promising in Both Alzheimer's and Parkinson's Patients; J Prevention Alzheimer Disease 10-2022

FULLY ENROLLED PHASE 3 CLINICAL TRIAL IN EARLY PD PATIENTS

Therapeutic Area	Early PD		
Phase	3		
Sites	43 US + 24 EU = 67		
Patients	3 X 174 = 523 = 471		
Dose	placebo, 10 and 20 mg/day		
Start/End	August 2022/December 2023		
Design	Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Efficacy		
Endpoints	MDS-UPDRS 2		
Other	Total MDS-UPDRS 3 and total, PGIC, CGIS, WAIS, Biomarkers		

NCT04524351 at ClinicalTrials.gov.

PD INTERIM EFFICACY AND SAFETY ANALYSIS 30% OF PATIENTS AT 2 MONTHS

Interim analysis for the two primary endpoints: MDS-UPDRS 2 + 3 Promising

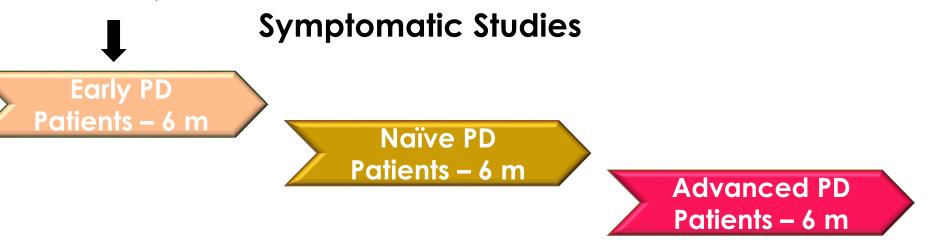
Interim analysis for safety by DSMB

no drug-related SAEs each AE: < 2% very low dropout rate: 6% enrolled well ahead of timeline: 9 months for 523 patients Well-tolerated

Continue as planned

DEVELOPMENT OF BUNTANETAP FOR EARLY AND ADVANCED PD

Interim Analysis



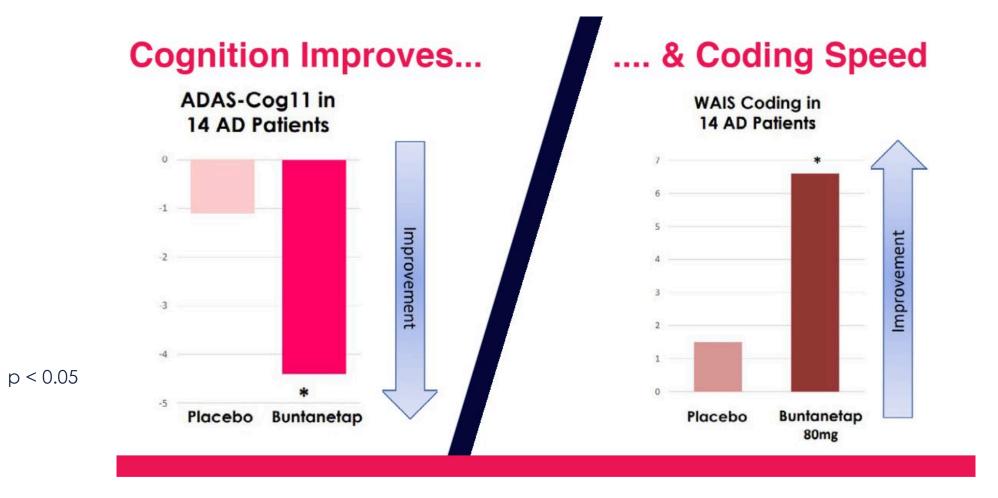
Disease-modifying Study

Long chronic study in early PD - 18 m

Open Label Study for all treated PD Patients

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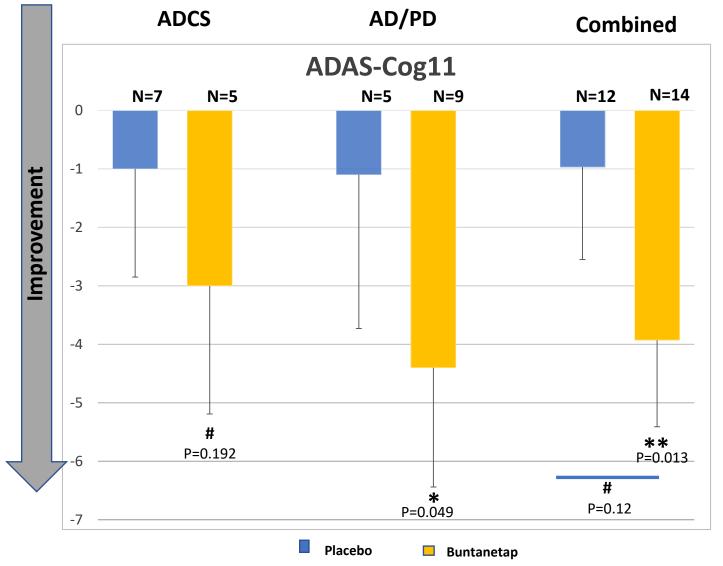
BUNTANETAP PHASE 2 POSITIVE DATA IN ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENTS IN BOTH COGNITIVE FUNCTION AND CODING SPEED



Fang et al: Buntanetap Proves Promising in Both Alzheimer's and Parkinson's Patients; J Prevention Alzheimer Disease 10-2022

*

ADCS EFFICACY AND COMBINATION ADAS-Cog IN TWO SMALL STUDIES – ADCS AND AD/PD



Buntanetap shows improvement of -3 and -4.4 points from baseline and of -2.9 points from placebo in two small exploratory studies in ADAScog 11 after one month of treatment. The data is either statistically significant or shows a strong trend

strong trend * P = 0.05 ** p = 0.01

ONGOING PHASE 2/3 CLINICAL TRIAL IN AD PATIENTS

Therapeutic Area	Moderate AD		
Phase	2/3		
Sites	64 US		
Patients	4 X 88 = 353		
Dose	placebo, 7.5, 15 and 30 mg/day		
Start/End	February 2023/February 2024		
Design	Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Efficacy		
Endpoints	ADAScog 11, ADCS-CGIC		
Other	WAIS, Biomarkers		

AD INTERIM EFFICACY AND SAFETY ANALYSIS 30% OF PATIENTS AT 6 WEEKS

Interim analysis for the two co-primary endpoints:

ADAScog 11, ADCS-CGIC

Interim analysis for safety by DSMB

no drug-related SAEs each AE: < 5% very low dropout rate: 4.7% enrolled as planned: 9 months for 353 patients Well-tolerated

Continue as planned

Promising

DEVELOPMENT OF BUNTANETAP FOR EARLY AND ADVANCED AD

Interim Analysis Symptomatic Study Moderate AD – 3 m
Disease-modifying Study

Long chronic study in early AD – 18 m

Basket study for advanced disease 1 month



Advanced AD – 6 m

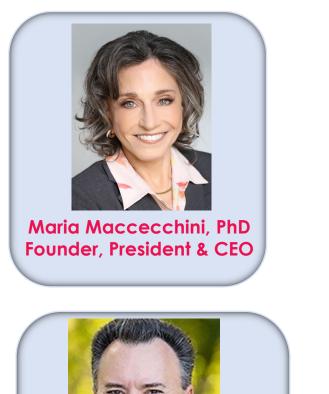
Open label study for all AD patients

CORPORATE PATENT ESTATE



Patent/Application	Subject Matter	Status	Expiry
Provisional	Novel composition of matter for ANV\$402	Pending	2044
Provisional	3 Combination Applications	Pending	2044/5
РСТ	Neuropsychiatric Indications	Pending	2044
РСТ	Other Diseases	Pending	2043
РСТ	Brain infections	Pending	2042
PCT	Use of mechanism of action	One patent granted	2038
РСТ	Acute neurodegenerative injuries	Multiple patents granted	2036
PCT	Chronic neurodegenerative diseases	Multiple patents granted	2031

SENIOR MANAGEMENT TEAM





Andrew Walsh VP, Finance



Michael Christie VP, Process Chemistry



Eve Damiano, MS, RAC SVP, Regulatory



Henry Hagopian, MBA Chief Financial Officer



Cheng Fang, PhD SVP, R & D

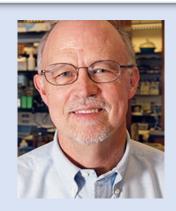


Melissa Gaines, VP, Clinical Operations

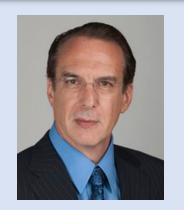


David Prohaska VP, Tox & Pharmocol

SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY BOARD

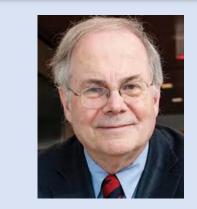


Sidney Strickland, PhD, Chairman Vice President and Dean for Educational Affairs and Research Professor, Patricia and John Rosenwald Laboratory of Neurobiology and Genetics at Rockefeller University. Dr. Strickland's laboratory investigates how dysfunction of the circulatory system contributes to Alzheimer's and other neurodegenerative disorders. He will serve as the Chairman of Annovis Bio's SAB.



Jeffrey Cummings, MD

Dr. Cummings completed Neurology residency and a Fellowship in Behavioral Neurology at Boston University, Massachusetts. US training was followed by a Research Fellowship in Neuropathology and Neuropsychiatry at the National Hospital for Nervous Diseases, London, England. Dr. Cummings was formerly Professor of Neurology and Psychiatry, Director of Alzheimer's Disease Research and Director of the Center for Neurotherapeutics at UCLA. He was Director of the Cleveland Clinic Lou Ruvo Center for Brain Health in Las Vegas, Cleveland and Florida.



Gregory Petsko, PhD

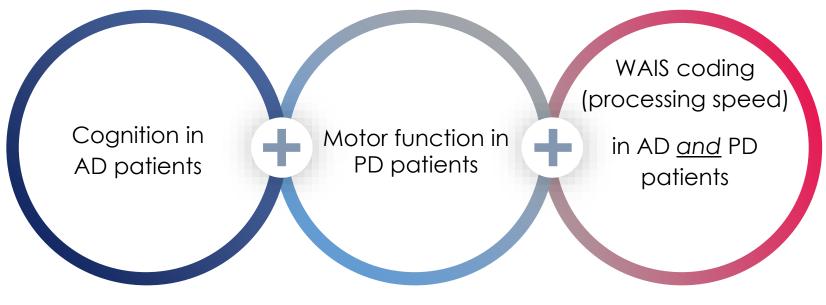
Dr. Petsko is a member of the National Academy of Sciences, the National Academy of Medicine, the American Academy of Arts and Sciences and the American Philosophical Society. His research interests are directed towards understanding the biochemical bases of neurological diseases like Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, and ALS discovering treatments (especially by using structure-based drug design), that could therapeutically affect those biochemical targets, and seeing any resulting drug candidates tested in humans. He has also made key contributions to the field of protein crystallography.

KEY TAKEAWAYS

Annovis has a novel approach to address **AD** <u>and</u> **PD**

The first double-blind, placebo-controlled study that shows improvements in **AD** patients as measured by **ADAS-Cog** <u>and</u> in **PD** patients as measured by **UPDRS**

Buntanetap shows improvements in Phase 2a clinical trials:



We started our phase 3 study for early PD, and our phase 2/3 in moderate AD

CONTACT US

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www.annovisbio.com

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Improves **THE FLOW** of Axonal Transport in Alzheimer's Disease and Neurodegeneration

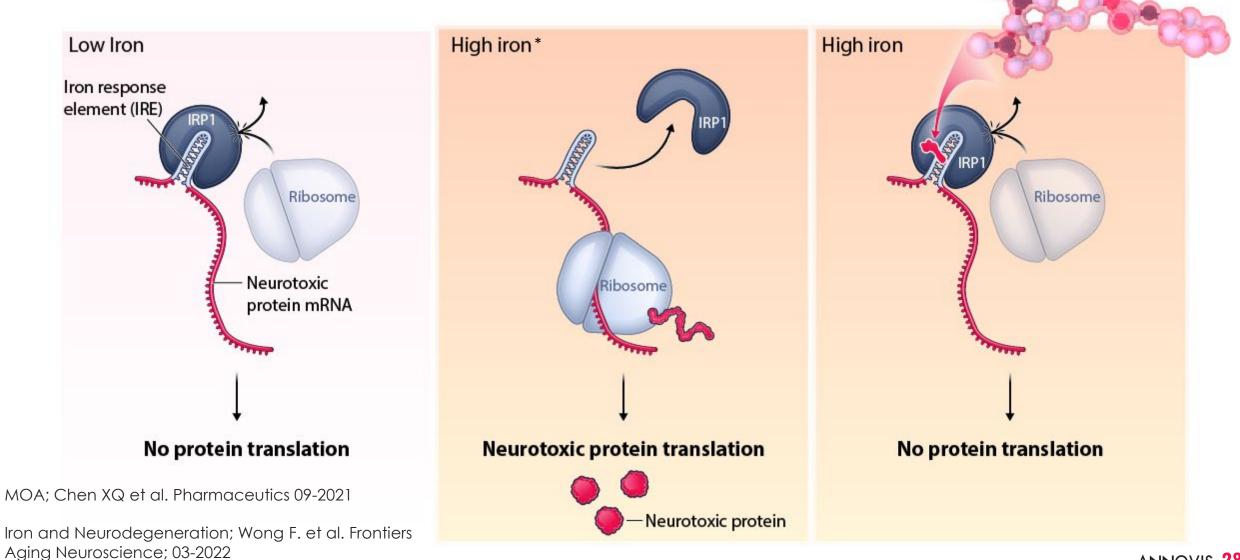
Symbol: **ANVS** (NYSE)

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Appendix

MECHANISM OF ACTION

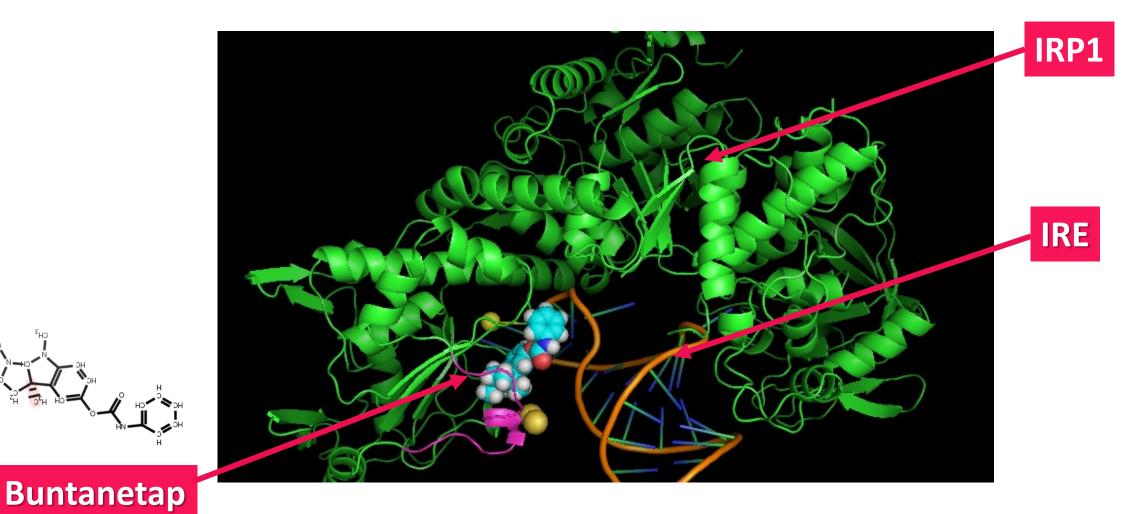
Buntanetap inhibits the translation of neurotoxic proteins



Buntanetap

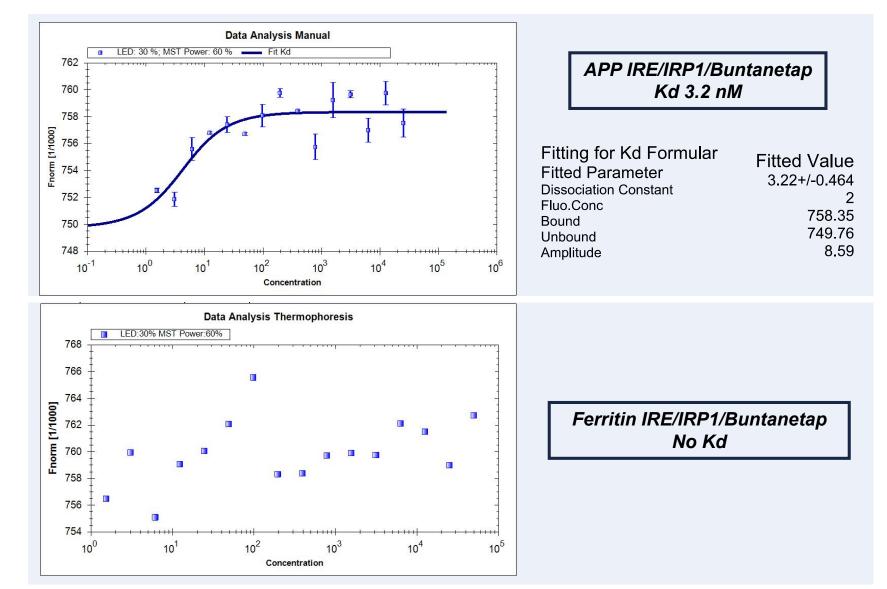
MECHANISM OF ACTION

Molecular Model of how Buntanetap locks IRP1 in the mRNA Binding Position



Eric Baldwin, NCI

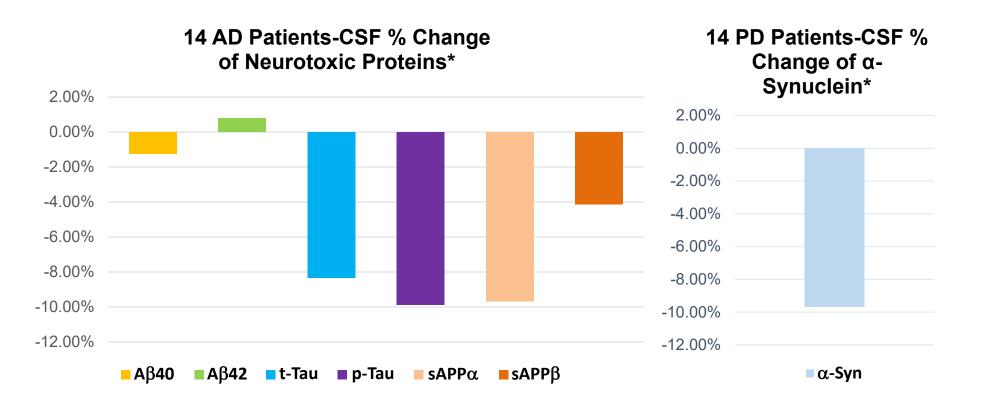
IRE to IRP1 BINDING IS **SPECIFIC FOR** mRNAs CODING FOR **NEUROTOXIC PROTEINS**



Buntanetap binds specifically to the APP IRE, but not to the ferritin IRE

Chen XQ et al, *Pharmaceutics* **2021**, *13*(12), 2109

REDUCED NEUROTOXIC PROTEINS IN BOTH AD AND PD PATIENTS

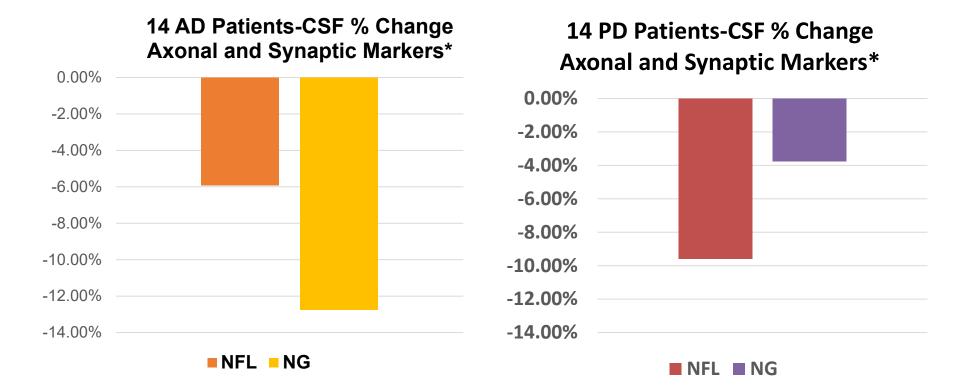


APP (and its downstream products), and p-Tau are the neurotoxic proteins involved in AD, while α -Synuclein is the neurotoxic culprit of PD. The reduction compares well to the reduction seen in animals at full efficacy.

*All values are in comparison to placebo based on all data points



REDUCED AXONAL AND SYNAPTIC DYSFUNCTIONS IN BOTH AD AND PD PATIENTS

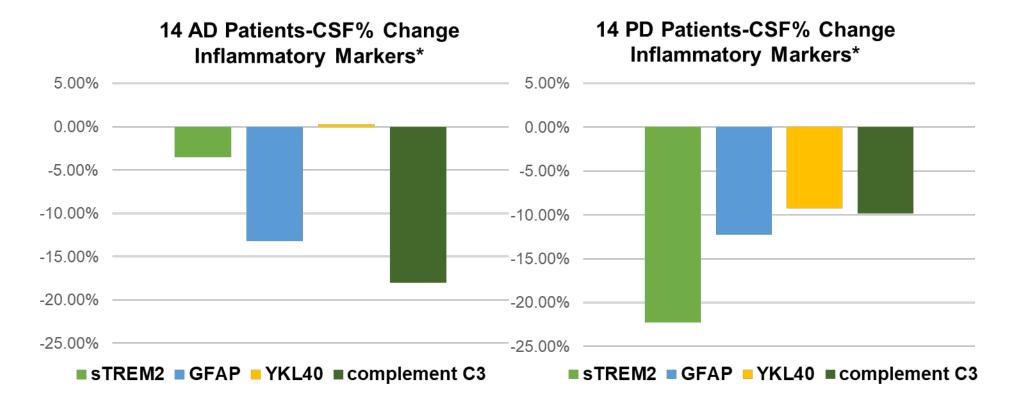


Neuronal and synaptic markers are lowered in AD and in PD patients, showing that the nerve cells are potentially healthier.

*All values are in comparison to placebo based on all data points.



REDUCED INFLAMMATION IN BOTH AD AND PD PATIENTS



Inflammatory markers are lowered in AD and in PD patients, showing a normalization of inflammation in both neurodegenerative disorders.

*All values are in comparison to placebo based on all data points

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